### **Electrical installation requirements**

Care should be taken to separate the power and signal cables to prevent electrical interference and possible damage due to inadvertent connection.

The power outputs are fitted with suppressors to protect against electrical interference when switching off solenoid valves or contactors. It is therefore essential to observe the output polarity. The line voltage should be connected to the terminals marked LN1 and LN2 and the switched loads to LD1 and LD2.

#### Use of Maintenance unit

The controller can be checked and the operation adjusted using a JTL portable maintenance unit which plugs into the controller. Each item of information has an item number. The more important items are listed in the tables overleaf.

# Examples:

[2][1] ПЕМ To read item 21 press:

To set item 30 to -20.0 press:



To correct errors press:



# Initial commissioning and bitswitch settings

The controller has 4 sets of data built in to its program for use during commissioning. These can be accessed by setting the bitswitches as shown in the table overleaf and then setting item 9 to 1. This will load into the controller a suitable set of data for the selected type of case. Adjustments should then be made as necessary. The range over which the settings can be adjusted is also defined by the bitswitch setting.

If a JTL communications network is connected to the controller then the unit number should be set on item 1.

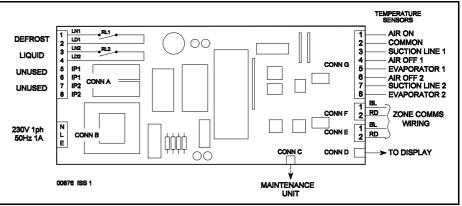
# **Temperature display**

This controller is designed to operate a display cabinet with 2 evaporators. Evaporator 1 provides the chilled air over the shelves. Evaporator 2 provides the chilled air curtain. The temperature displayed is computed from the air on and air off 1 temperatures. A factor is used to proportion the air off and air on temperatures.

## **Control strategy**

The air off temperature from evaporator 1 is controlled to the air off setpoint shown on item 30. If the temperature falls below this setpoint the liquid valve is closed. There is a deadband of +/- 0.2 C.

Evaporator 2 is run at a fixed pressure and the air off this evaporator is not controlled.



The defrost sequence can be initiated in 2 ways. It can be deduced from the suction temperature on evaporator 2 or by the JTL communications network.

There is a choice of 2 methods of defrost operation, termination or control, using item 75. In termination mode the defrost output is energised during defrost recovery period and at any time when the termination temperature of evaporator 2 is exceeded. In control mode the defrost output is energised during the defrost period.

When defrost is detected the display will show "dEF". When the termination temperature or time is reached the display will show "dEFr".

NOTE No defrost can be detected within 3 hours of the previous defrost.

The liquid solenoid is left open during suction initiated defrost and closed during other types of defrost. For network initiated defrost a time delay can be applied (item 49) after defrost before the liquid valve is reopened.

### **Alarms**

The 2 air off temperatures are monitored continually. The temperatures are averaged over the period set on item 47. If either of the average temperatures exceeds the alarm level then an alarm is given which is shown on the display and available, for remote indication, on the JTL alarm system.

High temperature alarms are cancelled during defrost and defrost recovery.

	ECDC			
Item	Function	Range	Units	Bitswitch settings
1	Unit number	0.1 to 899.9		4321
30	Air off 1 temperature setpoint	-30 to +5	°C	xxCC Frozen food
31	Air off 2 temperature setpoint	-39 to +5	°C	xxCO Ice cream
32	Overtemperature tolerance	0 to +10	°C	xxOC Chillers
33	Cabinet temperature factor	20 to 80		xx00 Produce
45	Suction or comms initiated	0=comms 1=suction		
47	Alarm averaging time	00:30 to 03:00	hr:mn	where
49	Refrigeration delay after defrost	00:00 to 00:10	hr:mn	C = closed
50	Defrost termination temp (air off 2) Defrost	0 to +20	°C	0 = open
57	termination time	00:05 to 00:40	hr:mn	x = don't care
58	Defrost initiation temp (suction 2)	-5 to +20	°C	
61-67	Probe selections	0=off 1=on closed = dot visi		closed = dot visible
69	Number of defrosts expected	0 to 6		
75	Defrost control mode	0=termination 1=control		

	OTHER USEFUL ITEMS						
Item	Function	ltem	Function				
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Cabinet temperature (air on and air off 1) Air on temperature Air off 1 temperature Evaporator 1 temperature Suction line 1 temperature Superheat 1 Air off 2 temperature	40 41 42 46 70 71	Duration of last defrost Time since end of last defrost Duration of this defrost Communications defrost command Operating mode Defrost input state Defrost output state				
27 28 29	Evaporator 2 temperature Suction line 2 temperature Superheat 2	73 77 78 79	Liquid valve output state Forced defrost Inhibit defrost Forced refrigeration				

Full operating manuals and item number information can be obtained from your supplier or JTL Systems.