CONTROLLER TYPE: LAPN JTL USER GUIDE

Electrical Installation Requirements

Care should be taken to separate the power and signal cables to prevent electrical interference and possible damage due to inadvertent connection.

The power outputs are fitted with suppressors to protect against electrical interference when switching off solenoid valves or contactors. It is therefore essential to observe the output polarity. The line voltage should be connected to the terminals marked LN and the switched loads to NO or NC

The plant inputs are electrically isolated. A line voltage should be connected for the logical conditions **lighting override** and **defrost on**. The terminals marked **C** should be connected to the supply voltage neutral

CE Conformance

This unit conforms with the relevant EU standards when installed according to the ITI Installation Requirements for this product.

Inputs								
Input (CON 2)								
11 C	INPUT 1	(LINE) (NEUTRAL)	DEFROST ON					
12 C	INPUT 2	(LINE) (NEUTRAL)	LIGHTING OVERRIDE					
Temper	Temperatures and Pressure (CON 4)							
1, 2 AIR ON TEMP 3, 4 AIR OFF 1 TEMP 5, 6 SUCTION LINE 7, 8 EVAPORATOR 9, 10 ENERGY SAVING OR TERMINATION 11, 12 AIR OFF 2 TEMP 13, 14 AIR OFF 3 TEMP								

Outputs

Outputs (CON 3)						
1 NO 1 LN	OUTPUT 1	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	LIGHTING & BLINDS CONTACTOR			
2 NO 2 LN	OUTPUT 2	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	FANS / HEATERS			
3 NO 3 LN	OUTPUT 3	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	TRIM HEATER			
4 NO 4 LN 4 NC	OUTPUT 4	(N/O LOAD) (LINE) (N/C LOAD)	DEFROST			
5 NO 5 LN 5 NC	OUTPUT 5	(N/O LOAD) (LINE) N/C LOAD	LIQUID SOLENOID VALVE			

Use of Maintenance Unit

The controller can be checked and the operation adjusted using a JTL portable maintenance unit which plugs into the controller. Each item of information has an item number. The more important items are listed in the tables overleaf.

Examples

To read item 21 press:



To set item 30 to -20.0 press:



To correct errors press:



To select next or previous items press: | + | and | -

Initial Commissioning and Bitswitch Settings

The controller has 4 sets of data built in to its program for use during commissioning. These can be accessed by setting the bitswitches as shown in the table overleaf and then setting item 9 to 1234. From v0.01.1 this controller has virtual bitswitches which replace the physical bitswitches. The virtual bitswitches are set using item 966. This loads into the controller a suitable set of data for the selected type of case. Adjustments should then be made as necessary. The range over which the settings can be adjusted is also defined by the bitswitch setting.

If a JTL communications network is connected to the controller then the unit number should be set on item 1.

Temperature Display

The temperature displayed is computed from the air on and air off temperatures. A factor is used to proportion the air off and air on temperatures. The temperature can be displayed in Celsius or Fahrenheit as selected by item 122.

The LAPN controller will drive the following JTL displays when used with the CAB55 extension cable

Display	Cable	Switch
LCD8	CAB55	None
LCD9	CAB55	3 position
LCD11	CAB55	4 position

The LCD9 and LCD11 displays incorporate a keyswitch. This switch can be used to select various functions as described below. A maximum of 2 additional functions can be selected. On LCD9 if only one additional function is selected, then it is available in either of the extra 2 positions.

The CAB55 cable is available in various lengths.

Air off Temperature

The LAPN controller supports up to 3 air off temperature sensors, each of which is individually selected using item 37 (408). The air off temperature is calculated from these 3 sensors on the basis of highest, middle, lowest or average. The calculation method is selected on item 408. Any combination of 1, 2 or 3 air off sensors is permitted. In the event of a sensor fault, the faulty sensor is automatically discarded from the calculation.

Control Strategy

The controller can control to the cabinet temperature or the air off temperature as selected using item 275. The air off temperature is controlled to a computed setpoint shown on item 28, by controlling a liquid line solenoid valve with a mechanical expansion valve

The computed air off temperature setpoint is calculated by comparing the displayed temperature with the cabinet temperature setpoint. The computed setpoint is raised or lowered depending on whether the cabinet temperature is below or above the cabinet temperature setpoint. The computed air off setpoint cannot go below the value set on item

The LAPN controller can be set to operate from 2 cabinet temperature setpoints by setting item 123. The setpoint to be used is then selected using the display keyswitch. The setpoints are set on items 124 and 125 and the current setpoint is displayed on item 30.

For liquid solenoid control, if the air off temperature falls below the computed setpoint the liquid valve is closed. There is an adjustable deadband set using

Defrost Initiation Strategies

The defrost strategy can be initiated in 4 fundamental ways using item 107. Defrost initiation can be by real time clock, by deduction from the suction temperature, by command on the JTL communications network, or by contact

Network initiated defrost can be divided into 3 groups; PREDICT, coordinated and scheduled.

PREDICT defrost requires that a JTL PREDICT defrost coordinator unit is available on the network. This unit receives requests from the PREDICT controllers and coordinates these requests so that the defrosts are organised ensuring the electrical and refrigeration requirements are met. When the controller requests a defrost the PREDICT coordinator will send out a defrost command at a suitable time. If the backup strategy is invoked the controller reverts to real time schedule

Coordinated timed defrost requires a timed defrost or defrost coordinator to be present in the network. When coordinated timed request is selected then the controller requests a defrost as defined by the number of defrosts a day as set on item 69. The defrost coordinator coordinates the defrost as required. The backup strategy can be chosen to fall to learned defrost schedule or real time backup

NOTE: No suction initiated defrost can be detected within 3 hours of the previous defrost.

Backup Defrost Initiation Strategies

For network initiated defrost, 2 defrost backup strategies are included. The strategy choice is made on item 107.

For learned backup the last 24 hours defrost operation is continuously monitored and the defrost schedule is learned. For real time backup the defrost schedule as set up for real time defrost on items 51-56 is used.

If network communication fails, the selected backup strategy is automatically used. The unit reverts to network control whenever the network communications is operational.

The backup strategy is also invoked if the network signals that communications has failed to the defrost scheduler or if there is a fault at the defrost scheduler.

There is a choice of 2 methods of defrost operation, termination or control, using item 75. In termination mode the defrost output relay is energised during defrost recovery period and at any time when the termination temperature is exceeded. In control mode the defrost output relay is energised during the defrost period.

The liquid solenoid is closed during all forms of defrost. The auxiliary output can be selected for fan or heater control. During defrost the fans can be stopped or the auxiliary heater energised.

For network, real time and contact initiated defrost a pump down delay can be applied (item 61) before the defrost/output and heater are energised. During pump down the liquid outputs are deenergised.

The display shows "dEF"

Defrost Termination

The controller stays in defrost at least until the minimum defrost time, on item 145, is exceeded. If the termination temperature is reached before the minimum defrost time then the defrost heater is cycled.

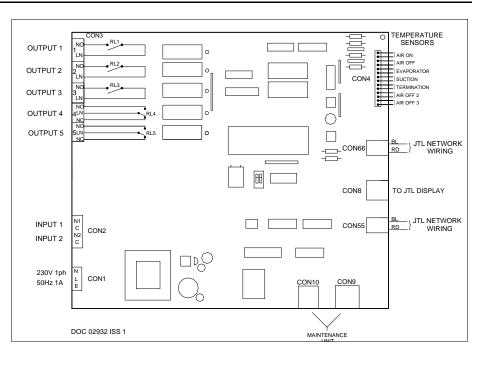
Defrost Recovery

When the termination temperature or time is reached the controller enters defrost recovery. The heater is de-energised. The termination method can be chosen using item 144.

For network, real time and contact initiated defrost a time delay can be applied (item 49) after defrost before the liquid valve is reopened.

A drain down time delay can be applied (item 59) after defrost before the liquid valve is reopened. During drain down if the auxiliary heater output is selected it is energised.

The display shows "dEFr".



Forced Refrigeration and Defrost

The maintenance unit can be used to force controller into a particular mode. This is done using items 77-79. While the maintenance unit is plugged in the controller will remain in the selected mode permanently. maintenance unit is unplugged the controller will revert to normal control after

When the network initiated defrost strategy is selected, forced defrost will send a command to the JTL defrost scheduler to initiate a defrost and does not act locally.

Fan Control

The fans can be controlled in various ways.

If item 108 is set to "fans off during defrost" then during defrost recovery the fans can be controlled depending on the evaporator temperature or time delay after defrost. If item 109 is set to 00:00 when the evaporator temperature is low enough, the fans start. There is a 5 degree deadband. If item 109 is set to a time then the fans are held off until the time delay has occurred.

If item 108 is set to "fan control during defrost": the fans are turned off during defrost when the evaporating temperature goes above the setting on item 146. After defrost the fans are turned on when the evaporating temperature falls below the setting on item 150 or the time delay on item 109, if it is not set to 00:00.

If energy saving is selected using item 130, then the fans will be cycled during normal refrigeration. When the energy saving temperature, item 131, goes below the energy saving setpoint, item 132, the fans stop. There is a deadband of ±0.5°C

Trim heater control

The trim heaters can be controlled. There are 4 separate strategies for control selected by item 390

a) heater switched off when controller shutdown using display keyswitch.

b) heater controlled to a fixed percentage output c) heater controlled to a fixed percentage output which can vary in and out of

trading hours. d) heater controlled with an adjustment received from the network

The trim heater control is achieved by pulsing relay RL3. The pulse period in 400 seconds. For example to achieve 75% output the heater is on for 300 s and off for 100s. The percentage can be set for day operation (item 392), for night setback (item 393), and adjusted further by a network command from a trim heater optimiser on the JTL network (item 394).

The current percentage in operation is displayed on item 391

Lighting and Night Blind Control

The cabinet lights and night blinds can be sequenced on and off by command from the JTL network. An override switch input facility is provided which raises the blinds and turns the lights on. The lights can be switched off from the display keyswitch if item 119 is set to 1 (enabled). The lights are switched off if either fans only or shutdown are selected.

High Temperature Alarms

The cabinet and air off temperatures are monitored continually. The temperatures are averaged over the period set on item 47. If either of the average temperatures exceeds the alarm level then an alarm is given which is shown on the display and available, for remote indication, on the JTL alarm system. High temperature alarms are cancelled during defrost and defrost recovery.

The cabinet temperature tolerance is set on item 32 and the air off tolerance on item 34. Setting either of these tolerances to 0.0°C disables the relevant

Network Shutdown and Fans Only Mode

This controller supports the JTL Network shutdown and fans only facilities. When these facilities are enabled by item 62. If a shutdown or fans only command is received over the JTL Network, the refrigeration is stopped and alarms are disabled. The high temperature alarm sequence is initialised.

The controller can be shutdown for servicing purposes using the display switch. This feature is enabled by item 138.

Display Controlled Shutdown

Display Controlled Fans Only Mode

The controller can be put into fans only mode using the display switch. This feature is enabled by item 136.

explicitly excluded by setting item 200 to 1.

Suction Pressure Optimisation When used in conjunction with JTL pack control and suction optimisers this unit is normally included in the suction pressure optimiser algorithm. It can be

Daylight Saving

When connected to a JTL network this controller can operate by displaying daylight saving time for its time and defrost schedule. Daylight saving operation is selected by setting item 18. The connected network controller then adjusts the times automatically during the daylight saving period.

ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS L						
	item	Function	Range	Units		
TEMPS & ALARMS	33 408 36-39 147 32 34 47	Cabinet temperature ratio Air off calculation method Sensor selections Termination sensor selection Cabinet overtemperature tolerance Air off over temperature tolerance Alarm averaging time	20 to 80 1=Lowest 2=Middle 3=Highest 4=Average 5=Average lowest 2 6=Average highest 2 0=off 1=on 0=off 1=on 0 to +20 0 to +30 00:30 to 03:00	hr:mn °C °C hr:mn		
CONTROL	275 123 124 125 31 140 48 75 106	Control temperature Enable 2nd setpoint Primary cabinet temperature setpoint Secondary cabinet temperature setpoint Air off temperature setpoint Temperature control deadband Compressor starts/hour Defrost control mode Auxiliary output selection	1= Air off 2= Cabinet temp 0=disabled 1=enabled -30 to +10 -30 to +10 -39 to +5 0.4 to 3.0 unlimited /10/15/20 0=termination 1=control 0=off 1=Fan 2=Heater	°C °C °C		
DEFROST INITIATION	107 69 61 51-56 60 58 65 211 210 213 214 223 225 226 227 228	Defrost strategy Number of defrosts expected or required Pump down time Defrost schedule Defrost schedule 12/24 hour clock Defrost initiation temp (suction) Invert defrost input Evaporator group Electrical supply distribution panel no Electrical supply circuit Defrost method Defrost requirement priority PREDICT Maximum time between defrosts PREDICT Sample discard list PREDICT volatility setpoint	0=none 1=Suction 2=Network (learned backup)3=Time 4=Contact 5=PREDICT 7=Network (real time backup) 8=Coordinated (learned) 9=Coordinated (real time) 0 to 12 00:00 - 00:10 00:01 - 23:59 0=24hr 1=12hr -5 to +20 0=no 1=yes 0=none 1=Lt 2=Ht 3=Satellite 0 to 15=panel no 0=none 1-15=circuit 0=brown phase 1=black phase 2=grey phase 3=3 phase 4=2 pipe gas 5=3 pipe gas 6=off cycle 1 to 8 2 to 8 6 to 72 0 to 3 2 to 12	hr:mn hr:mn °C hours		
DEFROST TERMINATION	144 50 145 57 59 49	Defrost termination method Defrost termination temp Minimum defrost time Defrost termination time Drain down time Refrigeration delay after defrost	1=Evaporator 2= Air off 3=Termination 4=Time only 0 to +20 00:00 - 00:30 00:05 to 00:59 00:00 to 00:10 00:00 to 00:10	°C hr:mn hr:mn hr:mn hr:mn		
FAN CONTROL	108 146 109 150 130 132	Fan control Temperature to turn fans off during defrost Fan delay after defrost Temperature to turn fans on after defrost Fan control sensor selection Fan control temperature setpoint	1=run always 2=off during defrost 3=fan controlled during defrost -12 to +20 00:00 - 00:10 -20 to +5 0=disabled 1=enabled -30 to +8	°C hr:mn °C °C		
TRIM HEATER CONTROL	390 392 393	Control strategy Normal percentage operation Night setback operation	1 =off, 2=off when shutdown, 3 =fixed adjustment, 4= night setback, 5= network control	% %		
LIGHTING CONTROL	110 118 119	Jnet lighting control selection Lighting contractor selection Enable lights during shutdown	0=disabled 1=enabled 0=n.o 1=n.c 0=disabled 1=enabled			
Jnet FUNCTIONS	1 62 133 134 18	Unit number Jnet network shutdown selection Enable plant to override temp control Enable plant to cut off refrigeration Daylight saving operation	0.1 - 899.8 0=disabled 1=enabled 0=off 1=on 0=disabled 1=enabled 0=standard time 1=daylight saving time			
DISPLAY	122 136 138	Temperature display choice Enable fans only mode from display Enable display controlled shutdown	0=celsius 1=fahrenheit 0=disabled 1=enabled 0=0ff 1=0n			

<u>Bitswitch settings</u> 21, 0(CC) Frozen food, 1 (CO) Ice cream, 2 (CO) Chillers, 3(OO) Produce, where C = closed, O = open, closed = dot visible (0 to 3 is the virtual bitswitch setting on item 966)

	OTHER USEFUL ITEMS							
Item Function		Item	Item Function		Function			
20 21 22 23 24 401 402 403 131 141 30 28 240 241	TEMPERATURES Cabinet temperature Air on temperature Air off temperature Evaporator temperature Suction line temperature Air off 2 temperature Air off 2 temperature Air off 3 temperature Air off 3 temperature Temperature Energy saving temperature Termination sensor temperature CONTROL Cabinet temperature setpoint Effective air off setpoint Liquid valve open % Average liquid valve open %	70 71 72 73 74 395 391 111 112 113 114 115	MODE INPUTS & OUTPUTS Operating mode Defrost input state Defrost output state Liquid valve output state Auxiliary output state Trim heater state Trim heater % LIGHTING Communications lighting command Lighting override input state Lighting output state Force lights on Force lights off	40 41 42 46 77 78 79 261-272 219 221 222 63 203 394	DEFROST Duration of last defrost Time since end of last defrost Duration of this defrost Communications defrost command Forced defrost Inhibit defrost Forced refrigeration Learned defrost schedule Defrost arrangement from network Forced defrost requirement Enable forced defrost requirement Jnet NETWORK FUNCTIONS Network shutdown and fans only command states Associated plant suction line Trim heater adjustment			

	OUT	PUT ST	ATE DIAGR	AM FOR JTL C	FOR JTL CONTROLLER				
			OUTPUT & FUNCTION (See note 5)						
		RL2 AUXILIARY (N/O) ITEM 106		RL3	RI	.4	RL5		
	MODE OF			TRIM HEATER (N/O) (Strategy on item 390)	DEFROST (C/O) ITEM 75		LIQUID SOLENOID VALVE (C/O)		
	OPERATION								
		Heater	Fans		CONTROL	TERMINATION			
N O R	REFRIGERATION	OFF	ON (See note 3)	ON	OFF	ON ABOVE TERMINATION TEMP	CYCLES ON AIR OFF TEMPERATURE		
M A L	PUMP DOWN Adjustable time [61]	OFF	ON/OFF (See note 2)	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF		
R E F R -	DEFROST Time/temp terminated [57]/[50]	ON	ON/OFF (See note 2)	ON	CYCLES ON TERMINATION TEMP	OFF	OFF		
GERA	DRAIN DOWN Adjustable time [59]	ON	ON/OFF (See note 2)	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
T	LIQUID HOLD OFF Adjustable time [49]	OFF	ON/OFF (See note 2)	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
CYCLE	RECOVERY TIME Time/temp terminated	OFF	ON/OFF CYCLES ON EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE (See note 2)	ON	OFF	ON	CYCLES ON AIR OFF TEMPERATURE		
	REFRIGERATION	OFF	ON (See note 3)	ON	OFF	ON ABOVE TERMINATION TEMP	CYCLES ON AIR OFF TEMPERATURE		
	PLANT FAULT	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
	UNIT SHUTDOWN	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
	FANS ONLY SHUTDOWN	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
	FORCED DEFROST	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
	FORCED REFRIGERATION	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
	INHIBIT DEFROST	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	CYCLES ON AIR OFF TEMPERATURE		

NOTE 2: FAN CONTROL ON OFF OR CYCLED, DEPENDING ON ITEM 108 SETTING ON EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE

NOTE 3: CAN CYCLE ON ENERGY SAVING TEMPERATURE (SELECTED BY ITEM 130)

NOTE 5: RL1 IS FOR LIGHTING CONTROL

Relay Output Rating Supply Requirements

230 V ac 48-62 Hz Supply 6 VA maximum inputs 2 mA maximum 5A resistive.



This unit conforms with the relevant EU standards when fitted in accordance with its installation instructions.

Note The information contained in this document applies to the current version of the unit supplied with it. Full operating manuals, item number and software variation information can be obtained from your supplier or JTL Systems. Technical documentation can also be obtained from our website www.jtl.co.uk.

Applicable Documentation

Item Numbers Firmware Variations Connections Diagram Schematic Diagram Doc No. 02774 Doc No. 02775 Doc No. 02877

Evaporator Manual Installation Information Doc No. 03036 Doc No. 01923