Electrical Installation Requirements

Care should be taken to separate the power and signal cables to prevent electrical interference and possible damage due to inadvertent connection.

The power outputs are fitted with suppressors to protect against electrical interference when switching off solenoid valves or contactors. It is therefore essential to observe the output polarity. The line voltage should be connected to the terminals marked **LN** and the switched loads to **LD**.

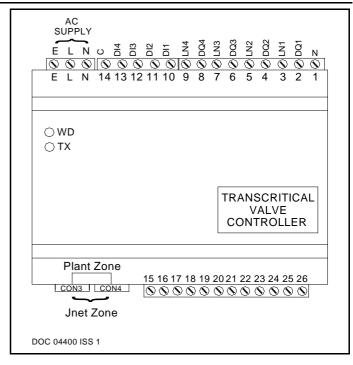
The plant inputs are electrically isolated. A volt free contact should be connected for the logical conditions stated below between the input and common $\bf C$ (14).

The control supply neutral must be connected to terminal 1 for EMC operation.

CE Conformance

This unit conforms with the relevant EU standards when installed according to the JTL Installation Requirements for this product.

Digital Output							
1		٧	3 2	Suppressed	Not used		
2	2 LN LD		5 4	Suppressed	Enable Flash Gas Valve		
3	3 LN LD		7 6	Suppressed	Watchdog		
4	4 LN LD		8 9	Unsuppressed	High discharge pressure		
Di	git	al I	nputs	3			
1	1		•	Volt Free	Valve fault		
2	1			Volt Free	Fans Healthy		
3	-		4 2	Volt Free	Low liquid level		
4	4		4 3	Volt Free	Auto		
Analogue OUTPUT							
1	+	19		0-10 V	Cooler Fan speed		
2	+ -	17		0-10 V	Transcritical valve		
Ar	nale	ogı	Je INF	TUT			
1	+			5k Thermistor	Cooled Gas Temperature		
2	+ -		21 Sk Thermistor Ambient Air Temperature 23		Ambient Air Temperature		
	+ -	1! 24		4-20 mA	Cooler Pressure		
	+	17		4-20mA	Liquid pressure		



Use of Maintenance Unit

The controller can be checked and the operation adjusted using a JTL portable maintenance unit which plugs into the controller.

Each item of information has an item number. The more important items are listed in the tables overleaf.

Examples:

To read item 22 press:

TEM 2 2 ENTER

To set item 50 to 650 Press:



To correct errors press:



To select next or previous items press: | + | and |



Initial Commissioning Settings

The controller has 1 set of data built in to its program for use during commissioning. Initialize to this data by setting item 9 to 1234. This loads into the controller a suitable set of data, adjustments should then be made as necessary.

If a JTL communications network is connected to the controller then the unit number should be set on item 1.

Pressure Display

The pressure can be displayed in psi, bar or MPa as selected by item 179.

The HP150 controller drives the JTL LCD14 display using a CAB75 cable. Various cable lengths are available.

JTL USER GUIDE

TRANSCRITICAL CO2 PRESSURE CONTROLLER TYPE: HP150

Transcritical CO2 Operation

When the external ambient reaches a certain level the CO2 becomes transcritical. At this point the CO2 gas cooling strategy has to change as the condenser changes over to being a gas cooler. The decision to switch to transcritical control from conventional subcritical control is made using a combination (item 36) of the CO2 gas (item 31) and ambient temperatures (item 32) which produces the 'adjusted ambient temperature' (item 35). When this value exceeds its setpoint (item 37) then transcritical mode control is put into operation. There is a deadband value (item 38) to control switching back to subcritical mode control.

Cooler Pressure Control - Subcritical

In subcritical mode the cooler acts as a conventional condenser, the pressure is controlled by the transcritical valve after the condenser using PI control against an optimised pressure setpoint calculated using the external ambient temperature and the design differential temperature for the condenser.

The head pressure (item 22) is floated to give differential temperature above the ambient condition. The differential (item 363) should be set to the condenser design condition to give maximum condenser efficiency. Setting 0.0 disables floating head (FH) control.

The outside ambient temperature (item 32) is read from sensor 2. If this is not available then it is read from the JTL network (item 899). If the outside temperature is not available then FH control is disabled.

The condenser operating temperature (item 365) is calculated from the discharge pressure (item 22) and the refrigerant type (item 157).

The target temperature (item 364) for the condenser control is calculated from the outside air temperature plus the design differential temperature. (item 32 + item 363).

The floating pressure setpoint (item 370) is calculated from the target temperature (item 364) and the selected refrigerant (item 157).

The minimum pressure setpoint (item 50) is used when floating head is disabled or when the outside air temperature is not available.

The maximum pressure setpoint (item 350) for the condenser is used to limit the floating head pressure.

Cooler Pressure Control - Transcritical

In transcritical mode the transcritical valve is controlled by PI control against a calculated pressure set point (item 370) calculated using a formula which takes a multiple (item 63) of the external ambient temperature (item 32) and adds a constant (item 64).

Cooler Exit Temperature Control - Subcritical

In subcritical mode the cooler fans are controlled by PI control against a calculated temperature setpoint (item140) which endeavouring to maintain the liquid level at a set level of subcooling (item144).

Cooler Exit Temperature Control - Transcritical

In transcritical mode the cooler acts as a gas cooler where the fan speed is controlled by PI control against temperature setpoint calculated using a formula which takes a multiple (item 146) of the external ambient temperature and adds a constant (item 147).

Fan Speed Control

The controller varies frequency the speed of the fans using a 0 - 10V signal. 0 V is for minimum speed and 10 V is maximum speed.

Transcritical Valve Control

The controller opens the valve using a 0-10V signal OV is for valve closed and 10V is for valve fully open.

Daylight Saving

When connected to a JTL network this controller can operate by displaying daylight saving time for its time and defrost schedule. Daylight saving operation is selected by setting item 18. The connected network controller then adjusts the times automatically during the daylight saving period.

Control Response

The controller uses proportional and integrated control algorithms to control the outputs. These require gain and time constant to adjust the response of the control of outputs.

Output smoothing is available to reduce instability of the outputs where necessary.

Pressure Healthy

The HP150 can be used in conjunction with other controllers. There is an output which indicates if the discharge pressure is within acceptable limits which can be connected to other systems. The acceptable pressure level is set as item 55

Pressure Alarms

The pressures are constantly monitored and compared with the high alarm level and low alarm level. Different alarm levels are available for subcritical and transcritical operation.

If the current pressure goes outside the set range for a short time period then an alarm is given.

The time delay is achieved by integrating the difference between the alarm level and the actual pressure over a period of 30 seconds. This means that the larger the difference the faster the alarm occurs.

Pressure Transducer Alarms

The pressure transducers are constantly checked and if, after a 15 minute time delay, the output goes outside the acceptable range an alarm is given (item 91).

If there is a pressure transducer fault, the outputs are set to a settable backup value.

Alarm Display

Various alarms are indicated on the pressure displays. Typical messages displayed are:

P.Flt Plant fault (auto input not present) - (highest

priority)

Hi.dP High cooler pressure

FAn Condenser fan failure (lowest priority)

The alarm conditions are flashed alternately with the pressure. In the event of there being more than one alarm the highest priority alarm is displayed

ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS HP					
	Item	Function	Range	Units	
	50 350	Pressure setpoint (minimum) Pressure (maximum)	575 to 725 1200 - 1600	psi psi	
PRESSURE CONTROL	363 55	Subcritical Floating discharge temperature differential Discharge safety level	5 to 15 1200 to 1600	K psi	
	63 64	Transcritical OAT multiplier OAT constant	16 - 36 400 - 800	psi	
COOLED EVIT	144	Subcritical Sub cooling setpoint	-1.0 to -8.0	K	
COOLER EXIT TEMPERATURE CONTROL	146 147	Transcritical OAT multiplier OAT constant	1.2 - 1.6 0.0 to 3.0	K	
PRESSURE ALARM	52 51 62 61 72 71	High condensing pressure (subcritical) Low condensing pressure (subcritical) High cooling pressure (transcritical) Low cooling pressure (transcritical) High liquid pressure Low liquid pressure	725 to 1200 300 to 600 1200 - 1600 600 - 1200 650 - 800 200 - 650	psi psi psi psi psi psi	
PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS	122 422 123 423	Cooler transducer Discharge transducer full scale (at 20 mA) Liquid transducer liquid transducer full scale (at 20 mA)	0=Disabled 1=Enabled 1450 - 1750 0=disable 1 = enable 1450 to 1750	psi psi	
TEMPERATURES	131 132 36 37 38	Cooler exit temperature Ambient temperature Adjusted ambient factor Adjusted ambient setpoint Adjusted ambient deadband	0=disabled 1=enable 0=disabled 1=enable 20 - 80 21 - 26 1 - 4	oC oC	
FAN SPEED CONTROL	54 56 395 396 368 369 397 389	Time constant (subcritical) Time constant (transcritical) Gain (subcritical) Gain (transcritical) Maximum speed at night Timer for nighttime operation No of steps in backup Fan output smoothing	1 - 250 1 - 250 5 - 200 5 - 200 50 - 100 0 - 8 0 - 100 0 - 5 0=Disabled	%	
VALVE CONTROL	374 375 376 377 379	Time constant (subcritical) Gain (subcritical) Time constant (transcritical) Gain (transcritical) Valve output smoothing	1 - 250 5 - 200 1 - 250 5 - 200 0 - 5 0=Disabled		
DISPLAY	179 178 189	Display units - pressure Display units - temperature Backlight control	0 - MPa 1 - psi, 2 - bar 0 - Celsius 1 =Fahrenheit 0 - off 1 - on 2 - off flashes alarm 3 - on flashes alarm		
JNET FUNCTIONS	1 18	Unit number Daylight saving operation	0.1 - 899.7 0= standard time, 1 daylight saving time		

OTHER USEFUL ITEMS									
Item	Function	Item	Function						
22 23 148 149 370 364 365	PRESSURE Cooler Pressure Liquid pressure Average cooler pressure (1hr) Average liquid pressure (1hr) CONTROL Active pressure setpoint Cooler target temperature Condenser operating temperature	391 392 899 371 372 31 32 35	FAN SPEED CONTROL Speed (%) Forced speed Outside Temperature VALVE CONTROL Output (%) Forced output TEMPERATURES Cooler exit Ambient Adjusted ambient						

Relay Output Rating

2A resistive

Supply Requirements Installation Information inputs 2 mA maximum

24 Vac (optional)

Applicable Documentation

Firmware Variations Doc No. 04348 Connections Diagram Doc No. 04318 Item Numbers Doc No. 04347

230 V ac 48-62 Hz Supply 6 VA maximum

Note: The information contained in this document applies to the current version of the unit supplied with it. Full operating manuals, item number and software variation information can be obtained from the supplier JTL Systems.



This unit conforms with the relevant EU standards when fitted in accordance with its installation tructions.

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