JTL USER GUIDE CONTROLLER TYPE: UBPA

Electrical Installation Requirements

Care should be taken to separate the power and signal cables to prevent electrical interference and possible damage due to inadvertent connection.

The power outputs are fitted with suppressors to protect against electrical interference when switching off solenoid valves or contactors. It is therefore essential to observe the output polarity. The line voltage should be connected to the terminals marked **LN** and the switched loads to **LD**

The control supply neutral must be connected to terminal 1 for EMC operation.

CE Conformance

This unit conforms with the relevant EU standards when installed according to the JTL Installation Requirements for this product

Inputs

Temperatures					
25, 26 23, 24 21, 22 19, 20 17, 18	AIR ON TEMP AIR OFF TEMP EVAPORATOR TEMP SUCTION LINE TEMP TERMINATION				

Outputs

	Outputs (CON 3)								
2 3	LD 1 LN 1 & 2	OUTPUT 1	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	LIGHTING & BLINDS CONTACTOR					
4 3	LD 2 LN 1 & 2	OUTPUT 2	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	FANS / HEATERS					
5 6	LD 3 LN 3 & 4	OUTPUT 3	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	TRIM HEATER					
7 6	LD 4 LN 3 & 4	OUTPUT 4	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	DEFROST					
8 9	LD 5 LN 5	OUTPUT 5	(N/O LOAD) (LINE)	LIQUID SOLENOID VALVE					

Use of Maintenance Unit

The controller can be checked and the operation adjusted using a JTL portable maintenance unit which plugs into the controller. Each item of information has an item number. The more important items are listed in the tables overleaf.

Examples:

To read item 21



To set item 31 to -20.0 press:



To select next or previous items press:



Initial Commissioning and Bitswitch Settings

The controller has 4 sets of data built in to its program for use during commissioning. These can be accessed by setting the virtual bitswitches as shown in the table overleaf and then setting item 9 to 1234. The virtual bitswitches are set using item 966. This loads into the controller a suitable set of data for the selected type of case. Adjustments should then be made as necessary. The range over which the settings can be adjusted is also defined by the bitswitch setting.

If a JTL communications network is connected to the controller then the unit number should be set on item 1.

Second Case Option

The controller can control and monitor a single evaporator half glass door (HGD) and well case. This option is selected on item 500.

Where the second case option is selected the second case unit number should be set on item 501.

Temperature Display

The temperature displayed is computed from the air on and air off temperatures. A factor is used to proportion the air off and air on temperatures. The temperature can be displayed in Celsius or Fahrenheit as selected by item 122.

The UBPA controller will drive the following JTL displays when used with the CAB55 extension cable.

Display	Cable	Switch
LCD8	CAB55	None
LCD9	CAB55	3 position

Where the second case option is selected, 2 displays can be driven. This is selected using item 502. If this option is selected a JTL display splitter is required. Either of the displays support the keyswitch function but it is not recommended that both displays be keyswitch type.

The LCD9 display incorporates a keyswitch. This switch can be used to select various functions as described below. A maximum of 2 additional functions can be selected. On LCD9 if only one additional function is selected, then it is available in either of the extra 2 positions.

The CAB55 cable is available in various lengths.

Control Strategy

The controller can control to the cabinet temperature or the air off temperature selected using item 275 by controlling the liquid solenoid valve

The control strategy for HGD/well operation is that the temperature is controlled to the worst case of the 2 sections. Each case section has its own temperature factor to enable the case temperature to be calculated from the air on and air off temperatures.

When the control temperature is set to air off the air off temperature is controlled to a computed setpoint shown on item 28.

The computed air off temperature setpoint is calculated by comparing the displayed temperature with the cabinet temperature setpoint. The computed setpoint is raised or lowered depending on whether the cabinet temperature is below or above the cabinet temperature setpoint. The computed air off setpoint cannot go below the value set on item 31.

The UBPA controller can be set to operate from 2 cabinet temperature setpoints by setting item 123. The setpoint to be used is then selected using the display keyswitch. The setpoints are set on items 124 and 125 and the current setpoint is displayed on item 30.

Defrost Initiation Strategies

The defrost strategy can be initiated in 2 fundamental ways using item 107. Defrost initiation can be by real time clock, or by command on the JTL communications network.

Network initiated defrost can be divided into 3 groups; PREDICT, coordinated and scheduled.

This controller uses the PREDICT 3 method which monitors the TEV operation.

PREDICT defrost requires that a JTL PREDICT defrost coordinator unit is available on the network. This unit receives requests from the PREDICT controllers and coordinates these requests so that the defrosts are organised ensuring the electrical and refrigeration requirements are met. When the controller requests a defrost the PREDICT coordinator will send out a defrost command at a suitable time. If the backup strategy is invoked the controller reverts to real time schedule.

Coordinated timed defrost requires a defrost coordinator to be present in the network. When coordinated timed request is selected then the controller requests a defrost as defined by the number of defrosts a day as set on item 69. The defrost coordinator coordinates the defrost as required. The backup strategy can be chosen to fall to learned defrost schedule or real time backup.

Backup Defrost Initiation Strategies

For network initiated defrost, 2 defrost backup strategies are included. The strategy choice is made on item 107.

For learned backup the last 24 hours defrost operation is continuously monitored and the defrost schedule is learned. For real time backup the defrost schedule as set up for real time defrost on items 51-56 is used.

If network communication fails, the selected backup strategy is automatically used. The unit reverts to network control whenever the network communications is operational.

The backup strategy is also invoked if the network signals that communications has failed to the defrost scheduler or if there is a fault at the defrost scheduler.

Defrost

The defrost output relay is energised during the defrost period. The liquid solenoid is closed during defrost. The auxiliary output can be selected for fan or heater control. During defrost the fans can be stopped or the auxiliary heater energised.

A pump down delay can be applied (item 61) before the defrost/output and heater are energised. During pump down the PEV output is deenergised.

The display shows "dEF "

Defrost Termination

The controller stays in defrost at least until the minimum defrost time, on item 145, is exceeded. If the termination temperature is reached before the minimum defrost time then the defrost heater is cycled.

Defrost Recovery

When the termination temperature or time is reached the controller enters defrost recovery. The heater is de-energised. The termination method can be chosen using item 144.

A time delay can be applied (item 49) after defrost before the PEV is reopened.

A drain down time delay can be applied (item 59) after defrost before the liquid valve is reopened. During drain down if the auxiliary heater output is selected it is energised.

The display shows "dEF".

Forced Refrigeration and Defrost

The maintenance unit can be used to force controller into a particular mode. This is done using items 77-79. While the maintenance unit is plugged in the controller will remain in the selected mode permanently. Once the maintenance unit is unplugged the controller will revert to normal control after 30 minutes.

When the network initiated defrost strategy is selected, forced defrost will send a command to the JTL defrost scheduler to initiate a defrost and does not act locally.

Fan Control

The fans can be controlled in various ways.

If item 108 is set to "fans off during defrost" then during defrost recovery the fans can be controlled depending on the evaporator temperature or time delay after defrost. If item 109 is set to 00:00 when the evaporator temperature is low enough, the fans start. There is a 5 degree deadband. If item 109 is set to a time then the fans are held off until the time delay has occurred.

If item 108 is set to "fan control during defrost"; the fans are turned off during defrost when the evaporating temperature goes above the setting on item 146. After defrost the fans are turned on when the evaporating temperature falls below the setting on item 150 or the time delay on item 109, if it is not set to 00:00.

Note: When "Fan runs always" is selected the fans do not stop, in normal control, during or after defrost.

SUPPLY VOLTAGE OUTPUTS SUPPRESSORS E L N 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 CABINET CONTROLLER DISPLAY MU Jnet Zone 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Trim heater control

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Jnet Zone

The trim heaters can be controlled. There are 4 separate strategies for control selected by item 390.

TEMPERATURE SENSORS (PT1000)

a) heater switched off when controller shutdown using display keyswitch.

b) heater controlled to a fixed percentage output

c) heater controlled to a fixed percentage output which can vary in and out of trading hours.

d) heater controlled with an adjustment received from the network. The trim heater control is achieved by pulsing relay RL3. The pulse period in 400 seconds. For example to achieve 75% output the heater is on for 300 s and off for 100s. The percentage can be set for day operation (item 392), for night setback (item 393), and adjusted further by a network command from a trim heater optimiser on the JTL network (item 394).

The current percentage in operation is displayed on item 391.

Lighting and Night Blind Control

The cabinet lights and night blinds can be sequenced on and off by command from the JTL network. There are two sources of the network command, legacy or broadcast. The broadcast timer, if chosen, is selected on item 112. The lights can be switched off from the display keyswitch if item 119 is set to 1 (enabled). The lights are switched off if either fans only or shutdown are selected.

Load Shedding

The controller has the ability to reduce the electrical load on request by network broadcast. Up to 8 individual broadcast signals can be assigned to the following functions.

Inhibit defrost,
Inhibit refrigeration,
Fans off,
lights off,
Raise setpoint to alternative setpoint,
Reduce trim heat.

High Temperature Alarms

The cabinet and air off temperatures are monitored continually. The temperature errors are averaged over the period set on item 47. If either of the average temperature errors exceed the alarm level then an alarm is given which is shown on the display and available, for remote indication, on the JTL alarm system.

If the average cabinet temperature error exceeds half the alarm tolerance a warning alarm is given which is available on the JTL alarm system. If this alarm is present during the last 24 hours for more than the set period a trend alarm is given which is also available on the JTL alarm system. High temperature alarms are cancelled during defrost and defrost recovery.

The cabinet temperature tolerance is set on item 32 and the air off tolerance on item 34. Setting either of these tolerances to 0.0°C disables the relevant alarm.

Low Temperature Alarm

There is a low temperature alarm which generates in the same way as the high cabinet temperature alarm. The tolerance is set on item 480.

Network Shutdown and Fans Only Mode

This controller supports the JTL Network shutdown and fans only facilities. When these facilities are enabled by item 62. If a shutdown or fans only command is received over the JTL Network, the refrigeration is stopped and alarms are disabled. The high temperature alarm sequence is initialised.

Display Controlled ShutdownThe controller can be shutdown for servicing purposes using the display

switch. This feature is enabled by item 138.

Display Controlled Fans Only Mode The controller can be put into fans only

The controller can be put into fans only mode using the display switch. This feature is enabled by item 136.

Timer Controlled Shutdown When used in conjunction with

When used in conjunction with a JTL timer on the network the controller can be put into shutdown mode. Item 238 is used to select the appropriate network timer and item 239 shows the associated network command state.

Suction Pressure Optimisation

When used in conjunction with JTL pack control and suction optimisers this unit is normally included in the suction pressure optimiser algorithm. It can be explicitly excluded by setting item 200 to 1.

Daylight Saving

When connected to a JTL network this controller can operate by displaying daylight saving time for its time and defrost schedule. Daylight saving operation is selected by setting item 18. The connected network controller then adjusts the times automatically during the daylight saving period.

		ADJ	USTABLE PARAMETERS	UBPA
	item	Function	Range	Units
TEMPS & ALARMS	33 36-39 147 32 34 480 47 481 533 532	Cabinet temperature ratio Sensor selections Termination sensor selection Cabinet overtemperature tolerance Air off over temperature tolerance Cabinet under temperature tolerance Alarm averaging time Cabinet temperature warning trend Cabinet temperature ratio (second case) Cabinet overtemperature tolerance (second case)	20 to 80 0=off 1=on 0=off 1=on 0 to +20 0 to +30 0 to -10 00:30 to 03:00 00:00 to 23:59 0 - 80 0 - 120	hr:mn K K K hr:mn hr:mn
CONTROL	275 123 124 125 31 140 106 500	Control temperature Enable 2nd setpoint Primary cabinet temperature setpoint Secondary cabinet temperature setpoint Air off temperature setpoint Temperature control deadband Auxiliary output selection Enable second case	1=Air off 2=cabinet temp 0=disabled 1=enabled -30 to +10 -30 to +10 -39 to +5 0.4 to 3.0 0=off 1=Fan 2=Heater 0=Disabled 1=Enabled	°C °C °C
DEFROST INITIATION	107 69 61 51-56 60 211 210 213 214 223 225 226 227 228	Number of defrosts expected or required Pump down time Defrost schedule Defrost schedule 12/24 hour clock Evaporator group Electrical supply distribution panel no Defrost heater circuit Defrost method Defrost requirement priority PREDICT Minimum time between defrosts PREDICT Sample discard list PREDICT volatility setpoint	0=none 2=Network (learned backup)3=Time 5=PREDICT 7=Network (real time backup) 8=Coordinated (learned) 9=Coordinated (real time) 0 to 12 00:00 - 00:10 00:01 - 23:59 0=24hr 1=12hr 0=none 1=Lt 2=Ht 3=Satellite 1 to 7 panel no 1-31=circuit 0=brown phase 1=black phase 2=grey phase 3=3 phase 6=off cycle 1 to 8 2 to 8 6 to 72 0 to 3 2 to 12	hr:mn hr:mn hours hours %
DEFROST TERMINATION	144 50 145 57 59 49	Defrost termination method Defrost termination temp Minimum defrost time Defrost termination time Drain down time Refrigeration delay after defrost	1=Evaporator 2= Air off 3=Termination 4=Time only 0 to +20 00:00 - 00:30 00:05 to 00:59 00:00 to 00:10 00:00 to 00:10	°C hr:mn hr:mn hr:mn hr:mn
FAN CONTROL	106 108 146 109 153	Auxilliary output Fan control Temperature to turn fans off during defrost Fan delay after defrost Fan control after defrost Temperature to turn fans on after defrost	0=not used 1=fans 2=heater 1=run always 2=off during defrost 3=fan controlled on evaporator temperature 4=fan controlled on termination temperature -12 to +20 00:00 - 00:10 0 =restart immediately 1=restart after time delay 2=cycle on evaporating temperature 3=cycle termination temperature -20 to +5	°C hr:mn °C
LOAD SHEDDING	600 601 602 603 604 605 607	Load shedding inhibit defrost inhibit refrigeration Fans off Light off Raise setpoint Reduce trim heat	0=off 1=enabled 0=off 1-8 broadcast input	
TRIM HEATER CONTROL	390 392 393 396	Control strategy Normal percentage operation Night setback operation Load shedding adjustment	1 =off, 2=off when shutdown, 3 =fixed adjustment, 4= night setback, 5= network control 1-8 timer number	% %
LIGHTING CONTROL	110 112 118 119	Jnet lighting control selection Select lights off broadcast timer Lighting contractor selection Enable lights during shutdown	0=disabled 1=enabled 0=disabled 1-8=timer number 0=n.o 1=n.c 0=disabled 1=enabled	
Jnet FUNCTIONS	1 501 62 133 134 200 238 18	Unit number Unit number second case Jnet network shutdown selection Enable plant to override temp control Enable plant to cut off refrigeration Exclude from suction optimisation Select network shutdown timer Daylight saving operation	0.1 - 899.7 0.1 - 899.7 0-disabled 1=enabled 0=off 1=on 0=disabled 1=enabled 0=include 1=exclude 0=disabled 1-8=timer number 0=standard time 1=daylight saving time	
DISPLAY	9392 136 138 502 199	Temperature display choice Enable fans only mode from display Enable display controlled shutdown Enable 2nd display Display backlight	0=Celsius 1=Fahrenheit 0=disabled 1=enabled 0=Off 1=On 0=Disabled 1=Enabled 0=off 1=on 2=off Flashing for alarm 3=flashing for alarm	

<u>Bitswitch settings</u> o Frozen food , 1 Ice cream, 2 Chillers, 3 Produce (0 to 3 is the virtual bitswitch setting on item 966)

	OTHER USEFUL ITEMS							
Ite m			Item Function		Item	Function		
20 21 22 23 24 520 521 141 482	TEMPERATURES Cabinet temperature Air on temperature Air off temperature Evaporator temperature Suction line temperature Cabinet temperature (second case) Air on temperature (second case) Termination sensor temperature Accumulated temperature warning time	30 28 240 241 63 203 394 239	CONTROL Cabinet temperature setpoint Effective air off setpoint Liquid valve open % Average liquid valve open % Jnet NETWORK FUNCTIONS Network shutdown and fans only command states Associated plant suction lin Trim heater adjustment (%) Network timer command state	70 72 73 74 391 111 113 114	MODE INPUTS & OUTPUTS Operating mode Defrost output state Liquid valve output state Auxiliary output state Trim Heaters output (%) LIGHTING Communications lighting command Lighting output state Force lights on	40 41 42 46 77 78 79 261-272 219 221 222	DEFROST Duration of last defrost Time since end of last defrost Duration of this defrost Communications defrost command Forced defrost Inhibit defrost Forced refrigeration Learned defrost schedule Defrost arrangement from network Forced defrost requirement Enable forced defrost requirement	

	OUTPUT STATE DIAGRAM FOR JTL CONTROLLER							
		(See note 2)						
		RL2		RL3 RL4		RL5		
	MODE OF OPERATION	AUXILIARY (N/O) can be set to run always [108] See Note 1		TRIM HEATER (N/O)	DEFROST (C/O)	LIQUID SOLENOID VALVE (N/O)		
		Heater	Fans					
N O	REFRIGERATION	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	CYCLES ON TEMPERATURE		
R M A	PUMP DOWN Adjustable time (61)	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF		
L R E F R	DEFROST Time/temp terminated [571/[50]	ON	ON, OFF OR TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED (See Note 4)	ON	CYCLES ON TERMINATION TEMP	OFF		
G E R	DRAIN DOWN Adjustable time [59]	ON	ON, OFF (See Note 5)	ON	OFF	OFF		
A TI O N	LIQUID HOLD OFF Adjustable time [49]	OFF	ON, OFF (See Note 5)	ON	OFF	OFF		
C Y C	RECOVERY TIME Time/temp terminated	OFF	TEMPERATURE OR TIME CONTROLLED (See Note 3)	ON	OFF	CYCLES ON TEMPERATURE		
E	REFRIGERATION	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	CYCLES ON TEMPERATURE		
	PLANT FAULT	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF		
	UNIT SHUTDOWN	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
	FANS ONLY SHUTDOWN	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF		
	FORCED DEFROST	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF		
	FORCED REFRIGERATION	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON		
	INHIBIT DEFROST	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	CYCLES ON TEMPERATURE		

NOTE 1: CAN BE SET TO OFF USING ITEM 106 NOTE 2: RL1 IS FOR LIGHTING CONTROL

NOTE 3: FANS OFF UNTIL TIME SET ON ITEM 109 REACHED.
NOTE 4: USE ITEM 108 TO SELECT CONTROL DURING DEFROST.

NOTE 5: ON WHEN ITEM 108 SET TO RUN ALWAYS.

Relay Output Rating

2 A resistive.

Supply Requirements

230 V ac 48-62 Hz Supply 3 VA maximum inputs 2 mA maximum



This unit conforms with the relevant EU standards when fitted in accordance with its installation instructions.

Note

The information contained in this document applies to the current version of the unit supplied with it. Full operating manuals, item number and software variation information can be obtained from your supplier or JTL Systems.

Applicable Documentation

Item NumbersFirmware VariationsConnections DiagramDoc No.05341Doc No.05342Doc No. 03788

Evaporator Manual Installation Requirements Doc No. 01923 Doc No. 03852

PREDICT® is the patented JTL pattern recognition algorithm for providing defrost on demand for the cabinets on a system.